GENERAL GUIDELINE

1. The article has not been previously published in other journals or other places.

2. The article should be written in English (United State of America English) with a formal style and structure. This is because it is a fully peer-reviewed academic journal, so that an oral and informal language would not be accepted.

3. The article should be written in word document (MS word - rtf), 1 space (single space), 12pt Georgia.

4. The article should be written between approximately 10,000 – 12,000 words including body text, all tables, figures, notes, and the reference list.

5. The article has to be an original work of the author/s.

6. The author/s have responsibility to check thoroughly the accuracy of citation, grammar, table and figures before submission.

7. The author/s has responsibility to revise their article after receiving a review from the editorial boards.

8. The author/s should register at the e-journal of Analisa before submitting their paper and fill the form completely.

9. The article should be submitted via online submission at the e-journal of Analisa.

10. The articles will be reviewed by editorial boards and revieweres.

11. The author should use a “template” provided by Analisa Journal (it can be downloaded from the Analisa website) to write their article.

STRUCTURE OF THE ARTICLE

1. Title

2. Author’s name, email address, author’s affiliation address

3. Abstract (250 words maximum, it consists of background of the study, research method, finding of the research)

4. Key words (3-5 words/phrases)

5. Introduction (it consists of background statement, research questions, theoretical framework, literature review)

6. Hypothesis (optional)

7. Methodology of the research (it consists of data collecting method, data analysis, time and place of the research if the article based on the field research).

8. Research findings and discussion

9. Conclusion

10. Acknowledgement (optional)

11. References

12. Index (optional)

WRITING SYSTEM

1. Title
   a. Title should be clear, short and concise that depicts the main concern of the article
   b. Title should contain the main variable of the research
   c. Title should be typed in bold and capital letter
2. Name of the author/s
   a. The author/s name should be typed below the title of the article without academic title
   b. The author/s address (affiliation address) should be typed below the name of the author/s
   c. The author/s email address should be typed below the author/s address
   d. If the author is more than one writer, it should be used a connecting word “and” not a symbol “&”

3. Abstract and key words
   a. Abstract is the summary of article that consists of background of the study, data collecting method, data analysis method, and research findings.
   b. Abstract should be written in one paragraph, single space and in italic
   c. Abstract should be no more than 250 words
   d. The word “abstract” should be typed in bold, capital letter and italic
   e. Key words should consist of 3-5 words or phrases.
   f. Key words should be typed in italic

4. How to present table
   a. Title of the table should be typed above the table and align text to the left, 12pt font Georgia
   b. The word “table” and “number of the table” should be typed in bold, while title of the table should not be typed in bold (normal).
   c. Numbering for the title of table should use an Arabic word (1, 2, 3, and so forth)
   d. Table should be appeared align text to the left.
   e. To write the content of the table, it might use 8-11pt font Time New Roman or 8-11pt Arial, 1.0 space.
   f. Table should not be presented in picture, it should be type in real table-office word formatting
   g. Source of the table should be typed below the table, align text to the left, 10pt font Georgia

Example:

Table 4. Number of Rice, Corn and Sweet potato Production

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>1.500 Ton</td>
<td>1.800 Ton</td>
<td>1.950 Ton</td>
<td>2.100 Ton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>950 Ton</td>
<td>1.100 Ton</td>
<td>1.250 Ton</td>
<td>1.750 Ton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet potato</td>
<td>350 Ton</td>
<td>460 Ton</td>
<td>575 Ton</td>
<td>780 Ton</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


5. How to present picture, graph, photo, and diagram
   a. Picture, graph, figure, photo and diagram should be placed at the center
   b. Number and title should be typed above the picture, graph, figure, photo and diagram.
   c. Number and the word of the picture, graph, figure, photo and diagram should be typed in bold, 12pt Georgia and at the center, while title of them should be typed in normal (not bold).
   d. Number of the picture, graph, figure, photo and diagram should use an Arabic word (1, 2, 3 and so forth).
   e. Source of the picture, graph, figure, photo and diagram should be typed below the table, align text to the left, 10pt font Georgia.
   f. Picture, graph, figure, photo, and diagram should not be in colorful type, and in high resolution, minimum 300-dpi/1600 pixel (should be in white and black, or gray, ).

Example:
Figure 1
Indonesian employment in agriculture compared to others sectors (% of the total employment)

Source: World Development Indicator, 2005

6. Research finding

This part consists of the research findings, including description of the collected data, analysis of the data, and interpretation of the data using the relevant theory

7. Referencing system

Analisa uses the British Standard Harvard Style for referencing system.

a. Citations (In-text)

Analisa uses in note system (in-text citation) referring to the British Standard Harvard Style referencing system; format (last name of the author/s, year of publication: page number).

- Citing someone else’s ideas.

Example:
Culture is not only associated with the description of certain label of the people or community, certain behaviour and definite characteristics of the people but also it includes norm and tradition (Afruch and Black, 2001: 7)

Afruch and Black (2001) explain that culture is not only associated with the description of certain label of the people or community, certain behaviour and definite characteristics of the people but also it includes norm and tradition.

- Citations; quotation from a book, or journal article

Quotations are the actual words of an author and should be in speech marks. You should include a page number.

Example:
Tibi (2012: 15) argues that “Islamism is not about violence but as the order of the world.”

It has been suggested that “Islamism is not about violence but as the order of the world” (Tibi, 2012: 15)

- Citations - Paraphrasing a book or journal article

Paraphrasing is when we use someone else ideas/works and write them in our own words. This can be done two ways, either is correct.

Example:
Batley (2013) argues that some of the detainees in the bombing cases were members of JI.

It has been suggested that some of the detainees in the bombing cases were members of JI (Batley, 2013).

- Citing a source within a source (secondary citation)

Citing the source within a source, it should be mentioned both sources in the text. But, in the reference list, you should only mention the source you actually read.

Example:
Tibi (2012, cited in Benneth, 2014: 15) argues that Islamism is not about violence but as the order of the world.

It has been suggested that Islamism is not about violence but as the order of the world (Tibi, 2012 as cited in Benneth, 2014: 15).

- Citing several authors who have made
similar points in different texts

In text citations with more than one source, use a semi colon to separate the authors.

Example:

- Citations - Government bodies or organizations
If you reference an organization or government body such as WHO, the Departments for Education or Health, the first time you mention the organization give their name in full with the abbreviation in brackets, from then on you can abbreviate the name.

Example :
The World Health Organization (WHO) (1999) suggests that.....

WHO (1999) explains that ......

- Citing from the internet
If you cite from the internet (website), write last name of the writer, year of the uploaded/released: page numbers. If there is no author in that page, write the name of the body who release the article in that website, year of release.

Please do not mention the address of the url in the in-text citation.

Example:
Syrian uprising has been prolonged for almost six years and has caused thousands people death as well as millions people has forced to flee from their homeland to seek safety (Aljazeera, 2016).

Religion is an important aspect for the life of many people in the recent era. The believe system of religion plays as a guidance for some people (David, 2015: 12-13)

b. Reference list
- Book
Last name of author/s, first name of the author/s year of publication. Title of the book. Place of publication: name of the publisher.

Example:


- Chapter of the book
Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. “Title of the chapter”. In title of the book. Editor name, place of publication: name of publisher.

Example:

- Journal article
Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. Year of publication. “Title of the article”. Name of the journal. Volume. (Number): Page number.

Example:

- **News paper**
  Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. Year of publication. “Title of the article”. *Name of the newspaper*. Date of publication.

  Example:

- **Internet**
  Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. Year of publication. “Title of the article or writing”. Date of access. Web address

  Example:

- **Internet**
  If there is no author in that page, write the name of the body who release the article in that website, year of release, date of accessed, address of the website

  Example:

- **Unpublished thesis/dissertation**
  Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. Year of publication. *Title of the thesis/dissertation*. Name of the university.

  Example:

- **Article/paper presented at seminar/conference**
  Last name of the author/s, first name of the author/s. Year of publication. “Title of the paper.” Article presented at seminar/conference, host of the seminar, place of the seminar, date of the seminar.

  Example:

8. **Transliteration system**

   Transliteration Arab-Latin system refers to SKB Ministry of Religious Affairs and Ministry of Education and Culture Republic of Indonesia Number 158 year 1987 and 0543/b/u/1987